# Natural Transformations as Business Logics: An Operational Intuition.

Cass Alexandru

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Nat. Trans. as BL: Operational Intuition

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- "Sorting with Bialgebras and Distributive Laws" (HJHWM, 2012)
- NLFPD '24: I gave a talk abt bialgebraic semantics
- There: Post-hoc analysis of recursion behavior of sorting algs
- Contrived introductory examples: length, replicate
- This talk: Bottom-up operational intuition for distr. laws as business logic
- Revisit and uncontrive length, replicate examples
- Haskell examples again using the recursion-schemes library
- Less Category Theory, more TikZ animations

#### Structure

#### 1 Recap: Structured (Co)Recursion

2 Natural Transformations: Swapping Base Functors

3 Distributive Laws: Swapping Base Functor Compositions

4 Recursive Coalgebras as the Ur-Notion of Structured Recursion

## Base Functors of Recursive Datatypes

- Recursive datatypes have a shape given by a base functor F
- **E**.g. Natural numbers: (1 + -). Lists of element type A:  $(1 + A \times -)$ .
- Recursive datatype is given by fixpoint of composition of base functor *F* with itself
- Least fixpoint: Inductive datatype. Greatest: coinductive not nec. well founded

- Can eliminate (map out of) a recursive datatype
- Algebra: Compositionally interpret syntax to a domain by giving it semantics, giving each constructor an *interpretation*.
- Roll up the datatype from the base cases (Bottom-up).

## Functions Replace Constructors



## Example Evaluation of filter even

```
g
 even x xs =
  (if even x then [x] else []) ++ xs
 g even
  g even
1
    2
     g even
       3
           g even
           4
```

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## Example Evaluation of filter even

```
g even x xs =
  (if even x then [x] else []) ++ xs
2:4:[]
```

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## Coinduction

- Map into a recursive datatype
- Coalgebra: From a seed, create one level of the datatype, with new seeds at recursive positions
- Iteratively apply until base cases are reached
- **NB**: Base cases may not be reached!  $\rightarrow$  non well founded trees

#### Example: Growing a Fibonacci Tree

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fib ::: Nat -> TreeF () Nat
fib = \case
 0 -> NodeF () []
 1 -> NodeF () []
 n -> NodeF () [n-1,n-2]

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#### Example: Growing a BST with partition

2:5:4:1:3:[]

partition :: (Ord a) =>
 [a] -> (TreeF a) [a]

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## Maps Between Recursive Datatypes

#### Rec F -> Rec G

- Algebraically: F (Rec G) -> Rec G
- Coalgebraically: Rec F -> G (Rec F)
- A secret third option?

#### Natural Transformations

#### $\bullet \ \delta \colon F \Rightarrow G$

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Image: A mathematical states and a mathem

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$$\delta \colon F \Rightarrow G$$
  
 $FX \xrightarrow{\delta_X} GX$   
•  $\downarrow_{Ff} \qquad \qquad \downarrow_{Gf}$   
 $FY \xrightarrow{\delta_Y} GY$ 

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Image: A matrix

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$$\delta: F \Rightarrow G$$
  
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• type f :=> g = (Functor f, Functor g) =>  
forall a. f a -> g a

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Image: A matrix

#### length & replicate

```
forget :: ListF a :=> NatF deco :: a -> NatF :=> (ListF a)
forget = \case
Nil -> Zero Zero -> Nil
Cons _ x -> Suc x Suc x -> Cons e x
```

Image: A = 1 = 1

#### Bottom-up



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#### Bottom-up



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#### Top-down

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# Natural Transformation Semantics

```
natSem :: forall μf vg . (Recursive μf, Corecursive vg) =>
  (Base μf :=> Base vg) -> μf -> vg
natSem δ = fold @µf alg where
  alg :: (Base μf) vg -> vg
  alg = embed @vg . δ

coNatSem :: forall μf vg . (Recursive μf, Corecursive vg) =>
  (Base μf :=> Base vg) -> μf -> vg
coNatSem δ = unfold @vg coalg where
```

coalg :: µf -> (Base vg) µf
coalg = δ @µf . project

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- NB: For natSem, we used embed from the recursion-schemes library
- $\blacksquare$  Corresponds to the initial algebra  $\Rightarrow \nu g$  isn't actually codata
- For coNatSem we used unfold. But (δ @µf . project) is a recursive coalgebra (transposition proposition in (Eppendahl, 2000))
- Both of these semantics go between carriers of *initial* algebras, so data, not codata

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#### • $FG \Rightarrow GF$

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- $FG \Rightarrow GF$
- type DistrLaw = (Functor f, Functor g) =>
  forall a. f (g a) -> g (f a)
- Alternatively:

```
type DistrLaw' = f 'Compose' g :=> g 'Compose' f
```

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#### Insights

Early termination avails only in the nested coalgebraic step

 Lazy evaluation: Variant with outer unfold is always incremental, outer fold is (in general) monolithic

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# Example: Insertion- / Selection Sort

# Applications

- Recent paper "Intrinsically Correct Sorting in Cubical Agda" (Alexandru and Choudhury and Rot and van der Weide, CPP '25)
- more in-depth on verified bialgebraic sorting algorithms
- encoding invariants in base functors led to the coincidence of partial and total correctness I talked about at NLFPD '24
- makes the input/output base functors meaningfully different (otherwise just aliased)
- correctness of BL in form of distr. law yields correctness of entire algorithm (both variants)



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$$F\mu F \xrightarrow{F?} FX$$

$$\downarrow_{\text{in}} \qquad \downarrow^{a}$$

$$\mu F \xrightarrow{?} X$$

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$$F \mu F \xrightarrow{F?} FX$$

$$= \inf_{\operatorname{in}^{-1}} \lim_{\mu F} \lim_{a \to a} \int_{X} \int_{X}$$

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$$\downarrow_{\text{in}^{-1}} \downarrow_{\text{in}} \qquad \downarrow_{a}$$

$$\mu F \xrightarrow{?} X$$

$$\land ? := a \circ F? \circ \text{in}^{-1}$$

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• Coalgebra-to-algebra morphism from recursive coalgebra  $\mathrm{in}^{-1}$ 

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- Coalgebra-to-algebra morphism from recursive coalgebra  $\mathrm{in}^{-1}$
- "We believe that, as long as structured recursion is concerned, recursive coalgebras are a more basic concept than initial algebras" – (Capretta and Uustalu and Vene, 2004)

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- This holds for both basic rec. coalgs s.a. the inverse of an initial algebra, as well as those constructed from modular parts as in (Capretta and Uustalu and Vene, 2004), (Hinze and Wu and Gibbons, 2015)

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- More future work: More algorithms with BL in form of nat. trans. simple, distr. law, or: distr. law with coherence conditions (comonad over a functor, etc.) (Turi and Plotkin, '97)

- @cxandru@types.pl
- cxandru.ee

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